

Rational Expressions

Obj: Write rational expressions in lowest terms

Ex) Write the rational expression in lowest terms

No!
CAN'T DO

$$\frac{a^2 - a - 6}{a^2 + 5a + 6} = \frac{11}{5}$$

Factor both numerator and denominator

$$\frac{a^2 - a - 6}{a^2 + 5a + 6} = \frac{(a-3)(\cancel{a+2})}{(a+3)(\cancel{a+2})}$$

Cancel "common" factors

$$= \frac{a-3}{a+3}$$

Ex) Write in lowest terms

Difference of Squares

$$\rightarrow \frac{y^2 - 4}{2y + 4} = \frac{(y-2)(y+2)}{2(y+2)}$$
$$= \frac{y-2}{2}$$

Rat'l Expressions (cont.) 4/30/14

Ex) $\frac{3y+9}{y^2-9}$ Simplify

$$y^2 - 9 \rightarrow y^2 - (3)^2$$

$$\frac{3(y+3)}{(y-3)(y+3)} = \boxed{\frac{3}{y-3}}$$

Simplify/Reduce to lowest terms

Ex) $\frac{y^2 + 2y - 3}{y^2 - 3y + 2}$

$$\frac{(y+3)\cancel{(y-1)}}{(y-2)\cancel{(y-1)}} = \boxed{\frac{y+3}{y-2}}$$

Ex) $\frac{y+2}{y^2+4} = \frac{\cancel{y+2}}{\cancel{(y+2)}(y+2)}$

Already in lowest terms

~~Ex)~~

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{x^2 \cancel{(x+1)}}{x \cancel{(x+1)}} = \frac{x^2}{x} = x$$

$$\textcircled{3} \frac{4x(x+3)}{28x^2(x-3)} = \frac{1(x+3)}{2x(x-3)} = \frac{x+3}{2x(x-3)}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \frac{x^2 + 2x - 15}{x^2 + 6x + 5} = \frac{(x-3)\cancel{(x+5)}}{(x+1)\cancel{(x+5)}}$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{x-3}{x+1}}$$

Write in lowest terms

4/30/14

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{x^2(x+1)}{x(x+1)}$$

Independent
Practice

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{(x+4)(x-3)}{(x+5)(x+4)}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \frac{4x(x+3)}{8x^2(x-3)}$$

$$\textcircled{4} \frac{6m+18}{7m+21}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \frac{x^2+2x-15}{x^2+6x+5}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{5s-25}{s^2-25}$$


$$\textcircled{2} \frac{y^2-5y-14}{y^2+y-2}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \frac{8x^2-10x-3}{8x^2-6x-9}$$

$$\textcircled{4} \frac{12x^2-4x-5}{8x^2-6x-5}$$

$$*\textcircled{5} \frac{(x+2)(x+1)}{(x+3)(x-2)} \cdot \frac{(x+3)(x+4)}{(x+2)(x+1)}$$

Simplify



Solutions to HW Problems from 4/30/14

Write each rational expression in lowest terms.

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{5s-25}{s^2-25} = \frac{\cancel{5(s-5)}}{\cancel{(s-5)}(s+5)} = \boxed{\frac{5}{s+5}}$$

Diff
of two
squares

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{y^2-5y-14}{y^2+y-2} = \frac{\cancel{(y+2)}(y-7)}{\cancel{(y+2)}(y-1)} = \boxed{\frac{y-7}{y-1}}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \frac{8x^2-10x-3}{8x^2-6x-9} = \frac{\cancel{(4x+1)}\cancel{(2x-3)}}{\cancel{(4x+3)}\cancel{(2x-3)}} = \boxed{\frac{4x+1}{4x+3}}$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad \frac{12x^2 - 4x - 5}{8x^2 - 6x - 5} = \frac{\cancel{(6x+5)}\cancel{(2x-1)}}{\cancel{(6x+5)}\cancel{(2x-1)}}$$

⇓

$$\frac{\cancel{(6x-5)}\cancel{(2x+1)}}{\cancel{(4x-5)}\cancel{(2x+1)}} = \boxed{\frac{6x-5}{4x-5}}$$

Sidebar: $4x - 5 \neq 0$

$$4x \neq 5$$

$$x \neq \frac{5}{4}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad \frac{\cancel{(x+2)}\cancel{(x+1)}}{\cancel{(x+3)}\cancel{(x-2)}} \cdot \frac{\cancel{(x+3)}\cancel{(x+4)}}{\cancel{(x+2)}\cancel{(x+1)}} =$$

$$\boxed{\frac{x+4}{x-2}}$$

Practice and Problem Solving 5/7/14

Write each rational expression in lowest terms.

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{(2x+7)(x-1)}{(2x+3)(2x+7)}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \frac{x^2-25}{x^2+x-20} \cdot \frac{x^2+7x+12}{x^2-2x-15}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{5y^2(y+8)}{15y(y+8)}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \frac{5r-20}{3r-12}$$

$$\textcircled{4} \frac{2t+6}{t^2-9}$$