

Consecutive Integers

consecutive = one right after the other.

To find consecutive integers:

$$\text{Let 1st integer} = x$$

$$\text{Let 2nd integer} = x + 1$$

$$\text{3rd integer} = x + 2$$

⋮

$$= x + \underline{?}$$

Ex) #49 pg 165

$$x + x + 1 = 137$$

Consecutive Integers (cont.)

Even and Odd

Let 1st even/odd integer = x

$$\text{2nd " " " } = x + 2$$

$$\text{3rd " " " } = x + 4$$

⋮
⋮
⋮
⋮

works for \Rightarrow even AND odd
integers

Ex) Three times the larger of 2 consecutive even integers, decreased by the smaller is 58. Find the numbers.

$$\text{Let 1st even} = x$$

$$\text{2nd even} = x + 2$$

$$3(x + 2) - x = 58$$

$$51) \text{ Let } x = 1^{\text{st}} \text{ pg \#} \Rightarrow 146$$

$$x + 1 = 2^{\text{nd}} \text{ pg \#} \Rightarrow 147$$

$$x + x + 1 = 293$$

Ex) Find two consecutive **EVEN** integers such that the smaller, added to twice the larger, is 292.

Let 1st even = x (smaller)

2nd even = $x + 2$ (larger)

$$x + 2(x + 2) = 292$$

$$x + 2x + 4 = 292$$

$$3x + 4 = 292$$

$$3x = 288$$

$$x = 96$$

$$\text{So, 1}^{\text{st}} \text{ even} = 96$$

$$\text{2}^{\text{nd}} \text{ even} = 98$$

Ex) Find three consecutive odd integers whose sum is 363.

Let ~~the~~ 1st odd = x

2nd odd = $x + 2$

3rd odd = $x + 4$

Define

Solution: $x + x + 2 + x + 4 = 363$

$$3x + 6 = 363$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -6 \quad -6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$3x = 357$$

$$x = 119$$

Solve your equation

Find your integers

1st odd = 119

2nd odd = 121

3rd odd = 123

Problem Solving

5 ~~X~~ Step Problem Solving Process

- ① Read the problem carefully
- ② Identify all important information.
- ③ Make an equation.
- ④ Solve the equation
- ⑤ Check your solution

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Win: $2x + 19$

Losses: x

$$82 = \text{Wins} + \text{Losses}$$

$$82 = 2x + 19 + x$$

$$82 = 3x + 19$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -19 \\ \hline 63 = 3x \end{array}$$

$$21 = x$$

Lost: 21 games

Won: 61 games

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